

# THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XIX, No. 39

EMPRESS, ALTA. THURSDAY, Mar. 3rd, 1932

Price: \$2.00 Per Year.

## United Church

Empress:  
Sunday School, 2:00 p.m.  
Public Worship, 7:30 p.m.  
"We need not worry what man descended from—it's what he descends to that shames the human race."  
You are invited to worship with us.  
Rev. Geo. A. Shields,  
Minister.

## Community Newspapers

The influence of community newspapers in relation to metropolitan dailies is often a point of discussion. It is worth reading the comment on this topic by Arthur Brisbane, the American columnist.

"The smaller newspapers of the country are the most important newspapers, and incidentally in proportion to their circulation their advertising results are the biggest and their advertising rates the lowest in the country. They are read through from end to end. Every copy of circulation always means an entire family, not a family that lives in one room with a can opener, but a family that owns its own home, and land around it, at least ninety times out of a hundred, a family that buys everything from the roof on the house to the cement on the cellar floor, from the hat on mother's head to the shoes on the boy's feet. The services that their publisher's render to the public is in my opinion, the most important service rendered by any class of citizens in Canada. The country editors are the distributors of information; they reach the minds of boys who leave the farms, and they are the nation's mental police force."

Mr. and Mrs. J. Chambers and young son, who were staying at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Rivers, for a few days, left on Saturday for their home at Ryerson.

## Board of Trade Meeting

The annual meeting was held in the hotel rotunda on Friday, February 26. Officers of past year were re-elected to office en bloc. Resume of last year's accomplishments was made; this included south road through to ferry and road to the north of town. The present intentions are to assist in having the meridian road to Cold Lake recognized as a No. 1 highway, maintained by both provinces.

Members are requested to pay \$1.00 present year's dues, to W. H. Acton, Secretary.

## Sask. Pool Notes

In the course of his budget speech, the Hon. the Minister, Hon. M. A. MacPherson, provincial treasurer, explained the position of the Wheat Pool guarantee, in connection with the 1929 overpayment. Complete settlement had been arranged, he said, the banks accepting bonds of the Province to the amount of \$13,577,000, yielding 4.65 per cent interest. This rate of interest was regarded as very satisfactory.

To protect the Province, the Provincial Treasurer went on to explain the assets of the Pool and Pool Elevators. While this year the Pool is operating in its usual way only to a limited extent, Pool elevators are handling a large proportion of the grain marketed in Saskatchewan. "The company's patronage is being maintained," he told the House. "Management of the Pool Elevators is very efficient, and the advance made in this regard should, therefore, be considered as fully secured and payments should be made by the Pool as arranged."

The value of Pool assets pledged to the Province, including the complete country and terminal elevator system, was placed at \$18,445,100. As to the financial capacity of the Pool Elevator system, Mr. MacPherson stated that in its six years' operations the Company's earnings

## "The Spinsters' Convention"

Ladies' Aid Successfully Present One Act Farce To Aid Funds

"The Spinsters' Convention," presented by the Ladies' Aid of the United Church in aid of their funds, in the theatre, on Monday night, was a pleasing success. The day was stormy, and mitigated against an extra large attendance, although in spite of this set-back, there was a very good number present. The scene opened with members of the "Single-Blessedness Society" gathering for their Convention in the hall at the town of Empress. The delegates eventually all assembled. The Secretary calls the roll and Treasurer reads financial report. Papers are read by members and the main purport of the society being to get its members married, a list of eligible bachelors is read off.

During the reading of a militant paper by a member, the convention is thrown into uproar by the appearance of a mouse which is finally killed. The ladies are rescued, a list of eligible bachelors is read off. The final stage approaches with Prof. MacKover and his assistant and their Remodeloscope. The machine's function is to transform elderly spinsters into beautiful young maidens. With one or two variations all goes well until the President decides to try the machine, but gives a wrong age and the machine is wrecked, and the ladies then discover that the Professor himself is an eligible bachelor.

The ladies taking part were all attired in fashions of by-gone days, and carried off the various characterizations in a capable manner. Numerous laughs were provided. Those taking part included:

Josephine Jane Green, president; Mrs. R. L. Arthur; Priscilla Abigail Hodge, Secy.; Mrs. C. R. Moore; Calamity Jane Higgins, Treas.; Mrs. D. McEachern; Rebecca Rachel Sharpe, Mrs. E. M. Gower; Tiny Short, Mrs. J. R. Brodie; Mary Ann Fradler, Mrs. W. Highmore; Jerusha Matilda Spriggins; Mrs. T. Rowles; Patience Desre Mann, Mrs. E. McGill; Sophia Stuckup, Mrs. H. Demoreux; Juliet Long, Mrs. W. Crocker; Betsy Bobbett, Mrs. A. R. Frost; Charity Longface, Mrs. J. McNeill; Cleopatra Bell Brown, Mrs. J. Irvine; Polly Jane Pratt, Mrs. W. Acton; Violet Ann Ruggles, Mrs. N. D. Storey; Bellinda Bluegrass (dress reform advocate), Mrs. G. A. Shields; Frances Touchemont, Mrs. E. S. Sexton and Hannah Bigger-tuff, Mrs. J. N. Anderson, candidates for Professor MacKover, W. A. Anderson, the professor's assistant; Mrs. Long, wife.

The thanks of the ladies are due to those who so kindly assisted: Mrs. A. K. McNeill, Mr. E. McTune, Mr. W. Acton, Mr. J. McNeill and Florence McNeill, J. J. Moore, Misses B. Brodie and H. Arthur and B. Maxwell, and Mr. I. Bowler. A

## Repairing of Red Deer River Bridge Commences

A foreman and three men, the nucleus of a bridge crew, arrived in town Wednesday night, and repair work commenced on the Red Deer river bridge, today. An amount of local help is being employed.

## Of Special Interest to Spinsters

Leon Ben Morris Cohen Segal Lazarowitz, the king of the hoboes, who abdicated his job in Drumheller twelve months ago, continues to abdicate every few months. A news despatch from New York states that Leon did an abdicating stunt in that city recently, with the object of leaving for Winnipeg where he proposes to marry the girl of his choice and get a job in her father's store.

Life to Leon is an internal triangle, it he could get a job he would get married if the girl would have him.—Drumheller Mail.

## Soviet Crop Failure

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—The Dominion bureau of statistics has received a statement from London giving the official text of the Molotov-Stalin decree, regarding Soviet grain. It announces 1,925,000 0.0 pounds of grain will be sent to the collective and state farms, in the drought areas, for seed and feed.

It also decreed the collection of grain for spring sowing on the collective farms shall be 5,700,000 metric tons to be completed in the principal areas by March 10.

Up to February 10, 29 p.c. of this program has been fulfilled.

The report gives further evidence of the suspected crop failure, over large Russian areas last season, and explains in large measure, why South Russian wheat shipments, have fallen to such low levels during the past few months.

Speaker—any fool can see that!

"Well I can't,"  
"Well, nearly any fool!"

Small presentation was made to Mrs. A. K. McNeill at the conclusion of the entertainment. A number of the men then invited those who took part, to supper at the restaurant.

## Acadia M.D. Elections

Much interest was evinced locally by the candidates of G. Mills and Henry Dorsch for councillorship in the M.D. of Acadia. Mr. Dorsch, we are informed, was elected by two votes. W. Watson was also elected over Mr. Frey in his division.

## Ottawa

February 27th, 1932.

On Monday, a long debate took place on the wool situation. We use in Canada 80 million pounds of wool and we produce only 20 million pounds, and of this amount only 5 million pounds are exported. Raw wool must be washed, scoured, combed, and then the spinning and weaving is done. There is no tariff at present on wool in the first three processes. The sheep population is about the same as it was 50 years ago, i.e., we have had for that time between three and four million sheep. The price of raw wool in the United States is from 15 to 18 cents a pound, where there is a tariff against importation, and only from 4 to 6 cents in Canada, where there is no tariff.

I took the view, with other western members, that a duty on foreign wool might increase the price at least for a time. I did this because the low price of wool, as well as the low price of lamb and mutton, was making sheep ranching a losing proposition. The sheepmen, in fact will pass from the scene unless they get immediate help. No argument was advanced to show that it would increase the price, say, of a \$50 suit of clothes by more than 50 cents. Opinions differed as to the quality of Canadian wool and as to its suitability for making clothing. One manufacturer, Mr. Rossmund, of Montreal, is using our thickest wool entirely and is

## St. Mary the Virgin (Anglican Church)

Fourth Sunday in Lent.  
Sunday School, 10 a.m.  
Matins and Evens, 11:00 a.m.  
Rev. J. P. Horne.

turning out a splendid product.

At the Imperial Economic Conference in July the Canadian delegates will initiate and support some plan to stabilize currency values within the Empire to facilitate trade. A long discussion preceded this resolution. The Minister of Trade and Commerce made a rather notable speech on the monetary system. He stressed the value of the confidence in currency. He discussed the gold standard. The paper standard managed currency and the combined gold and silver standard. He did not give any definite conclusions. Mr. Cote argued that we should go off the gold standard, but the Prime Minister did not agree with him.

A committee will investigate the Civil Service Commission, but the merit system will be maintained. A small number of members seem to be anxious to return to the old patronage system, but this policy does not appeal to many.

85,000 civil servants will have a salary reduction of 10 p.c. Those receiving less than \$1200 a year will have their superannuation fees paid. There was no direct opposition to this, but those to the left of the speaker regret that the reductions were not graded, i.e., the people receiving the smaller salaries should make a smaller contribution than the 10 p.c., and higher salaried people might be asked for more than 10 p.c.

Sincerely, F. W. Gershaw.

"Tried?" "No, I'm running around on my rim."

Calgary's Popular Priced Hotels

## HOTEL YORK

EVERYTHING NEWEST—Rates \$2.00 and 3.00  
Coffee Shop — Best Food — Lowest Prices  
— ALSO OPERATING —

## Hotel St. Regis

RATES—\$1.00; BATHS, \$1.50. Weekly and Monthly Rates.

## Jack Frost—King of Architects



Jack Frost, nature's greatest architect, completed yet another wonderful job, at Banff, on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, this winter, when he designed and built the columns of the ice-castle of the Carnival Queen. As is easily seen by the picture, the two great pillars are the outstanding features of the palace. They were built by putting into play, one month before the opening of the great event, two vertical streams of water. Then, more men got busy and built the connecting wall of gleaming transparent ice-blocks, between the pillars, and set in front of it the great throne of ice, from which the ceremonies of the Carnival were conducted, in the presence of thousands of spectators from all parts of Canada and the United States. Snow and ice castles of all kinds, winter sports in profusion, including the Alberta Provincial Skiing Championships, went to make up the programme, which terminated in the election of Miss Margaret J. Nicol, of Drumheller, Alta., who showed as tennis and hockey enthusiast, as Carnival Queen for 1932. Her picture is shown inset.

## JOB PRINTING

Visiting Cards, Business Cards  
Letterheads, Statements, Envelopes, Posters, Auction Sale Posters and Commercial Printing.

Give your next order to the local printers.

## THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

## BEAUTIFUL SCENES

Worthwhile pictures of fading winter scenes may now be obtained by the alert photographer. No time to lose. Get your kodak in shape. We have all supplies and guarantee you a first-class developing service.

We are agents for leading universities. Cut Flowers ordered on shortest possible notice.

## EMPRESS DRUG CO., Ltd.

## The Empress BAKERY

Get Your Bread, Cakes and Pastry from us.

Town Deliveries made if required.

Bread 3 Loaves for 25¢

## MURRAY

The Baker







# Most Of Our Pork Products Go To Great Britain In The Form Of Wiltshire Cut Sides

Canadian swine producers who have made any study of the breeding, feeding and marketing of bacon hogs have come to realize that most of our exportable pork products go to England in the form of Wiltshire-cut sides. They have learned that the term "Wiltshire" is a trade name given to any carcass of pork which is cut in a particular manner. A Wiltshire side is simply half of the hog with the head and feet cut off. The shoulder blade pulled out, and the backbones removed.

Usually these sides are exported from Canada in a pickled or mild cured state. The smoking operation is performed later in England by the large wholesalers and distributors, who vary the degree of smoke with the preferences of the particular market to which any lot of sides is to go.

Questions are often asked as to what cuts are made of the Wiltshire side for retail selling. An explanation of the method of cutting, together with interesting comments on the various cuts and their relative value, is found in a comprehensive publication by the Ministry of Agriculture.

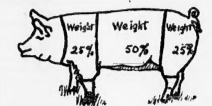


Fig. 1. Relative weight of Fore-end, Cannon, and Middle of an ideal bacon hog.

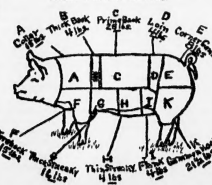


Fig. 2. Standard English retail cuts of Wiltshire bacon in relation to live pig.

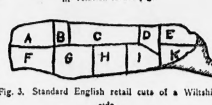


Fig. 3. Standard English retail cuts of a Wiltshire side.

culture and Fisheries in England, entitled "A Report on the Pork and Bacon Trades in England and Wales." The three outline figures reproduced herewith are taken from that report, adapted slightly in order to conform with the weights and percentages of Canadian standard bacon hogs and their product.

Figure 1 is of a bacon hog of approximately 200 lbs. live weight. This hog will cut into two Wiltshire sides, each weighing about 60 lbs. In other words, Wiltshire makes up 60 per cent of the live weight of our bacon hogs. After the head and feet are removed the middle of an ideal bacon hog should represent about 50 per cent of the weight of the side, with the shoulders and hams about balancing.

Figure 2 sets out the relative position of the various retail cuts to the live hog. The comment in the report on these various cuts is interesting and instructive.

"A long and level back is required because the middle of the carcass fetches the highest price per pound and contains the greatest proportion of the entire weight, as will be seen in Figure 1. Cut 'B,' known as the 'thick back,' contains a relatively heavier proportion of the rib bones than the remainder of the back; the back fat also tends to be thicker at this point, and further, the meat begins to be of the nature of that of the 'collar.' Hence this cut has a lower selling value than the remainder of the back except cut 'D,' the loin, where an awkward bone, known as the 'oyster bone,' must be removed, which makes slicing difficult and somewhat reduces the value.

"The prime back" (cut C), provides the best material in the side as a whole and is in greatest demand. It is usually the most valuable portion; hence the necessity for length in the back, which is required to be level also; a dished or scooped back means less weight and less depth of loin. An important requirement is that a transverse section of the back, cut

of continued production for the overseas market, the point of quality in the hogs, and thus in the finished product, may in the long run mean all the difference between an unprofitable or a profitable export bacon trade of considerable proportions.

## Should Cultivate Market

Canada Could Supply All Cranberries People Use Here.

Canada possesses a considerable quantity of cranberries annually, and most of these are exported to the United States. There is one section of the Dominion, at least, admirably adapted to the cultivation of cranberries and growing them to perfection. Why is it not possible for Canada's cranberry needs to be met by the output of that part of the Dominion, especially as there is a tariff of 20 per cent, ad valorem against the imported berries?

The Canadian cranberries are grown in all three of the Maritime Provinces where there is a large acreage of waste bogs unit for other crops, yet ideally suited to the cultivation of this delicacy, the consumption of which has been materially increased by co-operative advertising by United States growers. The Maritime Provinces Trade Commissioner claims that the cranberry-growers of Canada are not properly favored in every way. A market is assured for all the berries that can possibly be grown for many years; maritime cranberries are preferred by the trade and the Canadian consumer and are protected under the tariff.

In spite of this, from \$5,000 to \$15,000 25-pound boxes of cranberries are imported into Canada annually and these reach an annual value of from \$20,000 to \$250,000.

If Canada, by reason of climatic conditions, is compelled to rely upon importations of other fruits (if the cranberry may be described in such a manner), there is really no reason why she should be dependent upon another country for her supplies of cranberries.

The Maritime Provinces growers have a rare opportunity to take permanent hold of the Canadian market if they are willing to adopt improved packaging and distribution methods and see that a quality product is placed before the consumers.

Canadians are eating more and more cranberries each year. The Maritime can supply all of the wants of the central part of the Dominion if they choose.

## Counts For Something

Calm Of Britain In Crisis Is Stabilizing Force.

Whatever our faults—and we have been no pains to conceal them—our country has not been one of them. We have often displayed more confidence in foreigners than they in themselves, and more in ourselves than they in us. We have not been responsible for "runs" on foreign banks or on our own. It is the imponderable calm which still makes us a stabilizing force in a precarious world despite the fluctuations of sterling and which counts for more than stacks of gold—how great—London Morning Post.

Gold mining in Australia is more active than at any time since 1920.

## Noted Britishers in Bahamas



Completely recovered from the injuries he sustained when he was run down by an automobile in New York, the Right Honourable Winston Churchill, former Chancellor of the Exchequer of Great Britain, and one of the Motherland's most versatile statesmen, is shown with his beautiful daughter, Diana, as they enjoyed the gorgeous sunset at Nassau, Bahamas. The British statesman has returned to United States for his forthcoming lecture tour.



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## HIPLINES ARE SMOOTHLY MOULDED AND SNUG THESE DAYS

There are definite slimming qualities about this one-piece model in new fashion lines. It has a becoming V-neckline. The front and back panel effect from neck to hem is quite an advantage, if you're not so apple-like as you would wish to be. Shirts at either side hold the dress snugly to the figure at the waistline.

Made in a jiffy! You bet! After the sides and shoulders are joined, the circular sections are attached to the dress. Bind neck and set sleeves into the armholes.

A printed silk crepe made the original model and now here's a new one. It will prove an economical choice, for it can be worn all spring.

It's stunning too in black transparent velvet or deep blue with a soft, shimmering cast. Canton-elle crepe silk. Style No. 759 may be had in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust. Size 36 requires 1 1/2 yards of 38-inch material with 1/4 yard of 38-inch contrasting. Price of pattern 15 cents in stamps or coin (a preferred). Wrap color carefully.

## How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Address .....

City .....

State .....

Country .....

Send no money now. We will bill you.

Enclose 10 cents for postage and handling.

Enclose 25 cents for postage and handling.

Enclose 50 cents for postage and handling.

Enclose 75 cents for postage and handling.

Enclose 1.00 for postage and handling.

Enclose 1.25 for postage and handling.

Enclose 1.50 for postage and handling.

Enclose 1.75 for postage and handling.

Enclose 2.00 for postage and handling.

Enclose 2.25 for postage and handling.

Enclose 2.50 for postage and handling.

Enclose 2.75 for postage and handling.

Enclose 3.00 for postage and handling.

Enclose 3.25 for postage and handling.

Enclose 3.50 for postage and handling.

Enclose 3.75 for postage and handling.

Enclose 4.00 for postage and handling.

Enclose 4.25 for postage and handling.

Enclose 4.50 for postage and handling.

Enclose 4.75 for postage and handling.

Enclose 5.00 for postage and handling.

# Farmers Meet To Study Methods Of Combatting Soil Drifting And Moisture Conservation

One of the most unique agricultural meetings ever held in Canada was held Tuesday, January 28th, in the chapel at the Regina Jail by the farmers in the area surrounding the jail at the call of the Saskatchewan Department of Public Works. The meeting was largely attended, practically one hundred per cent of the farmers in the one-half township area surrounding the Jail being present. Some seventeen carloads of farmers drove in to the Jail yard. Every chair in the reception room was filled so that it was necessary to move up to the Jail chapel in order to accommodate those who attended.

Mr. C. M. Learmonth, the Superintendent of Institutional Farms, acted as chairman. The first speaker was the Hon. J. B. Bryant, Chairman of the Commission on Conservation, and Minister in charge of Institutional Farms. Mr. Bryant welcomed the farmers and remarked that this was the first time in the history of Canada that a large body of farmers had willingly gone to Jail to study farming. At Dartmouth recently the prisoners tried to get out of Jail because they did not get sugar on their ridges, whereas today a large number of farmers in Saskatchewan had willingly come to the Jail so that they might improve farming methods.

Mr. Bryant dealt at length with the Commission on Conservation, pointing out the work which they were accomplishing to date and what they were endeavoring to do, giving information on the climatic conditions, the conservation of water and on the afforestation programme, and pointed out the object of the meeting.

Mr. W. H. Gibson, Superintendent of the Experimental Farm at Indian Head, advocated the plowing fallow, or surface cultivation. He thought that more of this should be done. The farmers had worked their land too much and made it too fine in the past. He recommended the duck-foot cultivator rather than the disc-harrow. He did not advocate harrowing after the drill but rather the use of the packer. He stated that the precipitation in 1931 was one-half of the normal precipitation.

Mr. E. S. Vigne of the Department of Agriculture, Regina, discussed strip farming and the benefits in preventing soil drifting, without advocating general strip farming all over the Province. He also spoke of forage growing, recommending a trial of lucerne grass, western vetch, and clover. His address was followed by an interesting discussion by the farmers present.

Norman Ross, Director of the Forestry Service, Indian Head, stated that it was a combination of different methods that would produce the best results. There was a liability in good times to forget the trying experiences of bad years. He decided to think that if the farmers had been good for the garden and buildings, it was logical that if planted on a large scale they would be of benefit to the farmers. He produced a device indicating successful hedge plantings all over Western Canada and advocated the commencement of a demonstration area and continuing of different methods in a very convincing speech, after which he answered all questions asked on his plan.

W. H. Ford, a prominent farmer from Indian Head, gave his experience with reference to a half-section which he divided with a single caragana hedge planted north and south at right angles to the prevailing winds. Mr. Ford was very enthusiastic about the hedges, and stated that the first thing he would do in the light of his years of experience was to be coming to the Regina plains to farm, would be to plant his farm with hedges, and plant caragana hedges. Mr. Ford farms on a large scale with power machinery. He was strongly in favor of planting caragana hedges one mile to one and one-half miles long.

In 1931, Mr. Ford threshed from a one-half acre field protected by hedges, 1,600 bushels of No. 1 Northern wheat, when his neighbors got less than 5 bushels per acre on similar land with similar methods but without the hedges. From years of experience and observation, he strongly endorsed the planting of hedges.

Mr. Ford has a beautiful home farm, the buildings surrounded by a variety of trees, including firs, elms, ash, and maple, which enable him to grow apples, crabapples, plums, plum-cherry hybrids and the small fruits very successfully.

Mr. C. M. Learmonth then outlined the proposed Township Farm Improvement Area, and suggested the

forming of an organization of the farmers in the district surrounding the Institutional Farm to carry out the combination scheme of strip farming, grass and clover growing with wind breaks and shelter belts, and fields protected with caragana hedges. He pointed out that there were already planted ten acres of caragana seed for seedlings on the Jail farm which would produce approximately one million seedlings for free distribution in 1933, and a similar acreage would be put in the spring of 1932.

The farmers in the district were very much interested in the meeting and the action of the Government in taking the proposed step, the first of its kind in the Province, and the fact that the area was chosen for experimental and demonstration purposes, and that they had the opportunity of working together in the interests of all the farmers of the Province to show the best method of combatting soil drifting and present climatic conditions. A committee composed of three was agreed upon to interview the individual farmers in the one-half township area, with a view to getting them to agree to follow the suggestions made. The committee consists of C. M. Learmonth, representing the Government Institutional Farms, a representative farmer in the one-half township area, together with a representative of the Provincial and Federal Governments. The committee will make a concrete proposal to carry out the recommendations of the sub-committee of the Commission on Conservation and Afforestation, with reference to the prevention of soil drifting.

## Policing Of Alberta

R.C.M.P. To Take Over Duties Under Three Year Agreement

Superintendent H. M. Newson, director of the criminal investigation branch at Royal Canadian Mounted Police Headquarters in Ottawa, will place over the three-year agreement of Alberta when the federal forces over the Alberta provincial police on April 1. He will hold the rank of assistant commissioner.

Information to this effect was released by Hon. J. P. Lymburn, Alberta Attorney-General, in a description of the terms of the three-year agreement just completed between province and Dominion. Headquarters of the R.C.M.P. in Alberta will be in Edmonton.

The agreement specifies that a force of 220 men is to be maintained in Alberta and that all men in good standing in the provincial force are to be retained. All of the duties hitherto performed by the provincial police will be performed by the R.C.M.P.

## Alberta's Egg Exports

Last Year Exceeded Previous Record By Fifty Carloads

The export of eggs from Alberta in 1931 was the highest in the previous record of 1924 by 50 carloads. It is announced by the provincial and federal poultry services. The province exports many times the number of eggs that are imported each year, officials declare.

Of the fresh egg grades exported more than half were in the two top grades. Imports totalled only ten carloads, all of which were bought in British Columbia at a time when local supplies were depleted. The province also exported 88 carloads of poultry as compared with 75 carloads of 1930.

## Just His Class

They were parting at the door after a little quarrel. He had tried to make it up, but with no success. "Very well," he said, turning to depart, "I'll marry a girl that can take a joke."

"No doubt about that," was the crushing reply. "That's the only kind of a girl you'll get."

## Did Not Check Right

The freight agent on the C. and N.W. Railroad received a shipment in which was a donkey, described on the freight bill as "one burro." After checking and looking carefully the agent made his report: "Short, castaneous, over one jackass."

Magistrate: "The defendant swears he was perfectly sober." Policeman: "He was absolutely inebriated. If he had been perfectly sober he would have known he was drunk and not made a disturbance."

Electric bulbs cost thousands of candles, bills, and checks daily.



# An Opportunity For Canada Britain's Bigger and Better Submarine

## Good Time To Build Up Tourist Business From States

Canadians who have been accustomed to paying a visit to California or Florida during the winter months are staying at home this season. The heavy discount demanded by United States bankers on our exchange is the reason. When one has to pay as high as \$125 to secure \$100 in American money the reason is obvious.

Conversely Canada ought to enjoy a heavy influx of United States tourists this year. When one of our American cousins can take \$100, convert it into Canadian funds and have \$125 to spend on a holiday it ought to be an inducement to visit Canada, and it will be an inducement. There is little doubt that, owing to the depression, there will not be the same tendency on the part of Americans to take long expensive trips to Europe this year, and with many people a visit to Canada where a large premium is being put on a large premium is certain to be an attraction.

Canadians ought to cash in on this situation, and it can be done by a judicious advertising campaign in United States newspapers and periodicals, telling our American friends what their money is worth in Canada, what they will see in Canada, and what they can buy in Canada which they can take home with them. Their custom riding through the return with purchases valued at \$100 upon which no duty is levied. It seems to us that some agency in Canada should undertake such a campaign of publicity in the United States without delay. And we can think of no better agency for this task than the Canadian Chamber of Commerce. It should be possible, by a canvass for funds from religious, hotel, concern—yes, and governments, too—to secure a respectable sum of money with which to acquaint the people of the United States with their opportunity to have a holiday, visiting a friendly neighbor and having an enjoyable time at small expense. It would appear to be Canada's opportunity to build up tourist business this year and bring our holiday traveler party—Editorial in Lethbridge Herald.

## Hog Grading Regulations

### To Ensure Original Producer Receiving Premium On Select Bacon

Elimination of trading on a share-price basis by commission men is one of the features of the revised hog grading regulations promulgated in the current edition of the Canada Gazette. They go into immediate effect.

The new regulations ensure to the original producer the benefit of the agreement existing with the packing industry under which a premium of one dollar is paid on all hogs graded "select bacon." All trading must be done on the basis of official grades with a price differential between each grade.

Official grades were introduced two years ago and the effect of the new regulations is to make them applicable to all hog trading. Trading on a share-price basis will be eliminated with the premium for quality passed on to the producer.

## Good News For Composers

A machine for mechanically writing musical scores has been invented by Father Garsi don Nicola, of Cortina, Italy. The instrument is attached to the keyboard and as the composer picks out the notes of his new score the proper notes are registered on a musical staff. This prevents the musician from forgetting certain combinations of notes which he has produced.

One of the strongest buildings in the world will be built in Taos, N. Mex., on the coast of Washington. It will withstand severe earthquakes and winds of 120 miles an hour.

A mechanical robot is proving useful as a letter sorter.

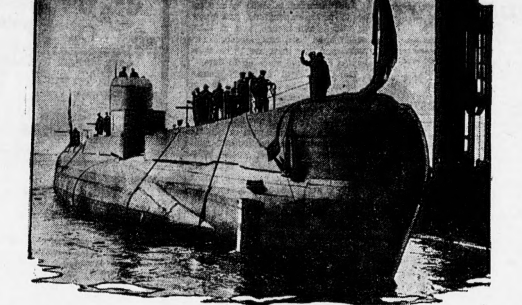
## The First Steam Engine

The first Swedish steam engine was built in 1728, eight years before the birth of James Watt, formerly said to be the inventor of the steam engine, according to the announcement by the director of the Technical Museum of Stockholm.

Realistically representing a human hand with four fingers and a thumb, a turnip was dug up at New Rijn, Scotland, recently.

Because it contains vitamin "B" and "G" cottonseed oil is gaining favor as a food.

W. N. U. 1928



Said to be the world's largest submarine, this huge undersea craft, bearing the colorful name of "H.M.S. Sturgeon" is shown at Tilbury Dock, London, soon after her launching. The sleek and sturdy vessel, which has passed its tests to the complete satisfaction of the British Admiralty, embodies many features heretofore regarded as impractical for submarines. Besides her fore and aft torpedo chambers, the undersea monster carries batteries of disappearing guns and anti-aircraft artillery.

## Bonus For Better Hogs

### A Minister of Agriculture

The policy of stimulating the production of the bacon type hog, which commands a premium in both the domestic and export markets, has been announced by Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture. It will make available to breeders throughout the Dominion valuable bacon type hogs, and provides for a bonus to farmers purchasing animals under the new plan.

The statement reads: "Under the terms of the policy the Federal Department is to purchase hogs of suitable bacon type at cost for farmers' clubs, and to pay transportation charges to point of delivery, provision is also made for the payment of a bonus of \$20 where a xxx advanced, registry book is used, and \$15 where a xxx approved hog is used, on production of a service record."

"To secure the benefits of the policy at least 10 farmers in a community, owning at least one brood sow each, must form a club, each member contributing pro rata his share of the purchase price of the hog supplied. Bonuses may be claimed only for such hogs as are produced or approved under the terms of the bacon type policy."

## Should Work Both Ways

### Ploughman Suggested Ceryman Might Also Use Spare Time

An English clergyman owned a good farm and ran it on a very economical basis. Sometimes, however, he carried his economy a little too far. As he was taking a stroll over his broad acres, one hot, oppressive morning, he saw a ploughman sitting on the handle of his plough, while the horses rested. It occurred to him that he was not doing his duty. He went back to the farm and at the present moment an hour, which at the time he was not earning, and he stopped and said gently, but respectfully, "James, wouldn't it be a good plan for you to have a pair of pruning shears here and be cutting the hedge whilst the horses are taking their rest?"

"Bartley," James replied, "and might I suggest to you, sir, that you should take a dish of 'tater into the pulpit and peel 'em when the 'hans' there were on?"

## The Difference

Rastus: "I tell you, Sambo, I done found out difference between de white folks and de nigger folks." Sambo: "What 'tall is it?" Rastus: "Well, a man'll gib two dollars for a one dollar thing dat he wants, an' a woman'll gib one dollar for a two dollar thing she don't want!"

## By Study

THE PROFESSOR NEVER HESITATED TO TALK AT THE PICTURE. "WELL, BUT NO TALK AT THE PICTURE!"

ON BONZO'S SHIP AND TAKE ME TO THE PICTURE! "WELL, BUT NO TALK AT THE PICTURE!"

THE MAN WHO IS TOO BUSY TO BE HAPPY, IS TO BE PITIED.

## Cattle Rates Reduced

### Shipments To Old Country From St. John To Be Carried At Lower Rate

Rates on live cattle shipped from Saint John, N.B., to Birkenhead of Glasgow, have been reduced from a top price of \$15 per head to \$12 for large cattle, and \$10.50 for smaller. This reduction of 20 per cent. in freight, secured after some months' negotiation with the steamship companies, equals the difference in the price of cattle at present as compared with this time last year. Announcement of this reduction was made by Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture.

The sailings at present scheduled call for ten departures from Saint John between February and April, with a total carrying capacity of between two and three thousand head of cattle. Small reductions in various handling charges have also been effected, Mr. Weir said, and every effort is being made to make a further saving where possible all along the line.

## Milk and Butter Record

### Alberta Cow Owned By C.P.R. Created New Record For Canada

Monte Pointe Walger, four-year-old Holstein cow on the Canadian Pacific Railway farm at Strathmore, Alberta, created a record for Canada when she produced 30,464 pounds of milk and 1,160 pounds of butter during 1931. She is the first cow in Alberta to produce more than 30,000 pounds of milk during one year.

## Austrian Surgeon Uses Nails

Consulting the ends of fractured bones with metal nails was demonstrated recently by Dr. Lorenz Boehler at Vienna, Austria. Dr. Boehler exhibited X-ray pictures of his method, and presented a number of patients. One was a woman over 80 years old, who is now able to walk normally.

One-third of the Indian Empire consists of 708 states of various size and character, governed by separate Indian rulers.

## New Plane Designed For Cheaper Flights

### To Meet Need For Economy In Canadian Air Mail Service

Canadian in design and construction and designed expressly for Canada's air mail traffic, a new aeroplane was shown at test at Curtiss-Reid airport, Montreal, in the presence of Royal Canadian Air Force officials who flew down from Ottawa.

The "Courier," as the new aircraft will be called, was designed by Vachon, air pilot, R. N. Bell and John A. D. McCurdy, the first Canadian aviator.

The new plane was designed to meet the need for a mail carrier that will transport mail at the same speed as the larger aeroplanes and yet be more economical to operate. It is expected that Canadian air mail service will be able to operate at a lower cost.

The new airplane flies at around 140 miles an hour and has capacity for 1½ hours sustained flight. Of high-wing monoplane type, the "Courier" is of metal tubing construction, powered with a Gypsy III inverted type engine. The plane is to be small with a wingspread of only 30 feet and an overall length of 21 feet.

The pilot occupies an open cockpit, well back of the wings, with excellent visibility forward and downward.

The new plane was also shown to Ottawa for demonstration before post office department officials.

## The Home Touch

An Aberdeen man visiting London entered a shop to buy a hat.

"What's the price of yer hats?" he asked.

"A guinea," replied the shopman. "Twenty-one shillings for a hat?" asked the Aberdeen. "Man, I could get a better hat than that for half a sovereign in Aberdeen."

"Oh, yes," said the Aberdeen. "What's the price of yer hats now?"

San Francisco's 4,200-foot suspension bridge will be for a time the "longest," but not the longest possible, for engineers set the practical limit at about 10,000 feet.

## Plan Proved Successful

### Agricultural Editor of Minneapolis Tribune Helped Farmers To Succeed

While theorists do that for which theorists are most famous, theorists; while legislators do that for which they are most infamous, legislators; and while dreamers do that through which they get nightmares, dreamers; one great American daily has really accomplished something for the benefit of farmers in the zone of its circulation.

Charles F. Collinson, the agricultural editor of the Minneapolis Tribune, ably backed by Frederick E. Murphy, the publisher of that paper, evolved a ten-year plan known as the "Cow, Sow, Hen, Sheep Plan," which has been in effect for eight years. In that time it has increased the buying power of each farm in that section by one thousand, six hundred and seventy-nine dollars per year, according to Mr. Collinson.

Under this plan the farmers give up one crop farming and instead of sitting on the fence waiting for Congress to do something, they have milked, pigged, egged and woolled their way to prosperity.

Not only has the area covered by the Minneapolis Tribune done these things, but reports from one county in Georgia and other spots on the continent confirmed the plan by successful operation.

In the last ten years diversified farming, replacing wheat-crop farming, increased the farm revenue in the four Northwestern States \$700,000,000.

Minnesota, since the war, has cut wheat from 2,700,000 to 2,000,000 acres, now planted to potatoes and corn, hay and feeding crops, according to Mr. Collinson. Her wheat crop, in the world's greatest flour-milling state, brought only \$21,000,000 in 1929; only \$12,376,000 in 1930. But Minnesota barnyard bidders gave their owners \$30,000,000 worth of eggs and poultry.

Minnesota creameries lead all North America, now, in the volume of butter which sells for \$125,000,000 annually.

The dairy cow is now a \$200,000,000 industry in Minnesota, \$400,000,000 in the four Northwestern States. Minnesota's butter surpassed all the output of her iron mines, valued at \$400,000,000 a year. The Northwest's poultry products leaped forward eighty-seven per cent. in eight years, to the impressive total of \$667,500,000 in 1929.

These startling figures mean to the farmer, in his desire to better the communities reached by its circulation, has educated the farmer. Farmers are apt to laugh scornfully at the "home town" of city editors in their affairs, yet it is most needed by the average farmer is education in his own business, with proper bookkeeping and less rule-of-thumb and guess work—Kiwans Magazine.

## Bottle Makes Long Trip

### Thrown Into Gulf Stream, Travels 1,999 Miles

The Gulf Stream will carry anything back to Scotland.

William Van Allen, a skydiver descended from New York thought it was so sure of it that an argument developed when he was en route home last year from a reunion of former French army students in Paris.

Van Allen scratched his address on a ship's menu, stuffed it in a bottle; and threw it into the Gulf Stream. He has just got it back from Millport House, Hymish Tire, Argyllshire, Scotland. And the name of the man who found it was Campbell. Van Allen estimates the bottle travelled 2,000 miles.

## Wrong All Round

It was a misty Sunday morning in the Highlands. Father and son were returning from the kirk.

Presently they passed a field where a number of big Highland cattle were lazily grazing.

"Father," said the little Scot, "there are twelve mighty fine animals in the field."

The old Scot frowned down on his son.

"Angus," he said, "you may not count the beasts on the Sabbath day—and besides, there are thirteen."

## A Huge Reservoir

Littleton, Colorado, on the outskirts of London, England, is said to be the largest body of water made by men in the world. It measures some 400 feet by a half mile in circumference, and would provide such storage for a fleet of battleships.

Don't put off until tomorrow the thing you can do today. There may be a law against it tomorrow.

The man who is too busy to be happy, is to be pitied.

## Gardening Notes

### Planning Will Help

But, if you bother about gardening now, with the onset of New Year's celebrations just dying away, your average person may ask? True, here in Canada, we have a lot of winter still before us and it will be some weeks before we can safely forth, plant in hand. But right at this point we might as well be planning for the future, by explaining that a good deal of success in gardening, and not a little pleasure too, lies in planning. Try to remember, if you haven't kept a diary, which plants did well and vice versa last year. Do not forget that annuals should not be planted any year after in the same location. Disease carries over in the soil. A good seed catalogue will help us considerably in planning.

## General Vegetable Hints

If we are fortunate in possessing a fair sized piece of ground we can use a horse or tractor to do most of the work. Sometimes this may be rented from a neighbor if we are unable to supply it ourselves. Where used, it is best to space rows of our ordinary vegetables in rows of four or a yard apart, and the bigger or spreading sorts like corn, potatoes, in all rows should not be planted closer than four feet apart. Continuous cultivation right through until the work is no longer required, and very little weeding is needed. If, on the other hand, space is limited and we want maximum results we should reduce the width between rows to fifteen and twenty inches respectively, and can further economize by alternating early and late stuff like corn, and very little weeding is needed, so that the first named in each case will be used and out of the way before the later sorts require the full row.

Of course, where one plans an intensive garden of this kind we will have more hand work, though this can be greatly lessened by the use of hand cultivators rather than hoes, and we should also use plenty of fertilizer. This may be either well rotted manure or good balanced commercial mixture high in nitrogen, or better still, some of both. In all intensive gardens it is essential to run rows absolutely straight, using a string when sowing. Not only does this improve the appearance but it conserves space and allows easy and thorough cultivation. Another thing to remember is to plow or spade the ground carefully before sowing, and before we start, to have a plan on paper plotted roughly to scale. In our plan it is well to record what plants like lettuce and onions, which are used frequently and which will benefit from a few pails of water during the dry weather, should be placed near the house for convenience sake.

## Put Flowers In Clumps

In flowers, we must get away from the straight row idea. It is all very well and advisable to grow some such as Sweet Peas, of which we prize flowers for cutting and not foliage, in vegetable garden, but in the regular beds we should plant in clumps of one colour and variety and generally arrange to have the small stuff at the front and the taller sorts such as Hollyhocks, Sunflowers, Dahlias and Cosmos toward the rear. We should plan to have something blooming all the time and if we make our selection from the seed catalogue with this idea in mind, it will not be difficult to achieve almost continuous bloom from late spring until the first frosts in September.

## Three In One

A man visiting a country town went to the local barber for a shave. The barber made several slips with his razor, and the man, in a fit of rage, ordered the barber to stop the bleeding. When the operation was over the victim hissed the man half a crown.

"Keep the change, barber," he said. "It's worth half-a-crown to be shaved by so versatile an artist. Why, you're a barber, butcher and paperhanger all in one."

## New Association Proposed

There is a strong movement throughout the Province of British Columbia favoring the formation of a pure bred breeders' association as a separate unit from the B.C. Sheep Breeders' Association. The volume of work required to be done makes it difficult for the present association to take care of the intimate details of the pure bred end of the sheep industry.

Your life isn't worth living unless you think it is.







## THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

Published in the interests of  
Empress and District

\$3.50 to the United States

Subscription price \$2.00 per  
year to any part of Canada or  
Great Britain.

E. S. Weston Proprietor A. Haskin

Thursday, Mar. 3rd, 1932

Macquarie date is Thursday,  
March 17th.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. N. P.  
Storey, Thursday, March 3, a  
son.

Lucille, daughter of Mr. and  
Mrs. A. Fraser, returned to  
Prelate on Saturday.

Mrs. W. McKay, who has been  
visiting her daughter, Mrs. G.  
Turner, returned to Kamloops,  
B.C., Saturday.

The regular monthly meet-  
ing of St. Mary's W.A. will be  
held at the home of Mrs. Gao,  
Turner, on Tuesday, March the  
8th at 2.30 p.m.

T. Bowles, sr., and Co. Haw-  
thorn, left at 10.45 morning for  
Regina, where they went to  
attend the Rural Municipalities  
Convention as delegates from  
the R.M. Mantario.

A Community Auction Sale  
will be held at Bindloss, on  
March 11, commencing at 1.30  
p.m. Farmers wishing to dis-  
pose of live stock or imple-  
ments, kindly have them on  
hand that day.—D. Lush, auc-  
tioner.

When subscribing for mag-  
azines, remember the Printer  
takes subscriptions for all mag-  
azines.

On March the 26th (Easter  
Saturday), the Ladies' of St.  
Mary's W.A. will hold their  
annual tea and sale of flowers,  
aprons and home cooking in  
Nickel's building. Those desir-  
ing to order potted plants,  
Easter lilies and etc., kindly  
phone Mrs. Lush not later than  
March the 19th.

### Alabama Farmers Plan "Live-at-Home" Program

County agricultural outlook  
meetings held in Alabama dur-  
ing January revealed that Alab-  
ama farmers are determined to  
"live at home" this year, ac-  
cording to Alabama Extension  
Service. Specific recommenda-  
tions at these meetings were,  
"a good garden throughout the  
year, at least one milk cow,  
properly fed and managed; a  
flock of heavy enough hogs to  
supply meat for the family;  
more fruit, fresh and preserved  
in different ways; and sufficient  
feed crops and pasture for ani-  
mals."

Dr. A. K. McNeill  
(Dr. D. N. MacCharles)

Physician and  
Surgeon

Phone 44

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Arriving on Wednesday night  
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Private on Wednesdays

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FIRST CLASS MEALS  
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Candies, Cigars, Cigarettes  
ICE CREAM & SUNDAES  
Dance and after theatre lunches  
A Place of City Style.



## Health Service

OF THE

Canadian Medical Association

Edited by

GRANT FLEMING, M.D., ASSOCIATE SECRETARY

### Ductless Glands

Most of the larger glands of  
the body, such as the liver, pan-  
creas and salivary glands, pro-  
duce a secretion which is passed  
out from a gland through a  
duct. There are some glands  
which have no duct, but which,  
nevertheless, produce a secre-  
tion. These are ductless glands,  
endocrine organs, or organs of  
internal secretion.

The secretions which the  
ductless glands produce enter  
the circulation and play an im-  
portant part in regulating the  
development and functions of  
the body. Because the secre-  
tions of these glands are not  
passed out through a duct,  
they are known as internal se-  
cretions, or hormones.

There are still other glands  
which belong to both groups.  
These glands produce one se-  
cretion and pass it out through  
a duct, as well as a second one  
which is an internal secretion.

A ductless gland may be over-  
active or underactive, or it may  
produce a secretion which is ab-  
normal. In such cases, de-  
pending upon the deviation  
from the normal, disturbances  
in development or functions  
occur.

The thyroid gland, situated  
in the front of the neck, is a  
ductless gland producing an in-  
ternal secretion. An over-  
active and probably abnormal  
thyroid gland gives rise to the  
condition known as exophthalmic  
goitre, or Graves' disease. The  
effects may be profound; the

### Sack. Pool Notes—cont.

ings (after operating costs and  
income tax were paid) amount-  
ed to \$18,481.52. From this  
sum was deducted depreciation  
reserve to the amount of \$4,  
923.255 and also patronage di-  
vidends. This record was estab-  
lished with a chain of country  
elevators (as well as terminals  
on the Great Lakes) which  
grew from 89 in the first year  
of operations to 1050 in the  
sixth year.

"The House may be satisfied,"  
the Provincial Treasurer con-  
tinued, "that the indebtedness  
will be repaid to the Province  
within a period that will con-  
vince the people that the action  
taken was good business."

### Here and There

The railroads cannot continue  
to pay a million dollars a day in  
taxes; they cannot pay interest  
on their bonds; they cannot buy  
new equipment unless they can  
raise the money. In putting the rail-  
roads in a sound, non-speculating  
position we are aiding the whole  
country, says the Herald (N.Y.)  
Tribune Times.

Montreal witnessed an unpre-  
cedented invasion from Quebec  
on the first weekend of February,  
when over 3000 men, women  
and children, drawn from all  
ranks and classes, arrived on the  
three dollar return Canadian Pa-  
cific excursion from the Ancient  
Capital. Four special trains were  
used.

Seated on a glittering ice  
throne between two huge natural  
icebergs, Miss Margaret Steven-  
son, of Edmonton, in her role as  
Carnival Queen and assisted by  
Miss Honor Leutenann, Governor  
W. L. Walsh, opened the 16th An-  
nual Banff Winter Sports (Carni-  
val) at that Canadian Road as re-  
sort, this month.

The appointment of W. R. Pat-  
terton to be General Auditor,  
Canadian Pacific Railway, had  
been announced, effective Feb-  
ruary 1, over the signature of E.  
E. Lloyd, Comptroller, in suc-  
cession to G. C. Galan, who died re-  
cently. Mr. Patterson, who was  
born in Toronto in 1895, is one of  
the youngest railway executives in  
the continent.

of thyroid substance. In this  
way, it is possible to restore  
cases, in whom there is a thy-  
roid deficiency to a normal con-  
dition. The response to treat-  
ment is dramatic in severe cases.

It is evident that the thy-  
roid gland, through the internal  
secretion, influences the func-  
tioning of the body. An excess  
brings about hyperactivity; a  
deficiency results in a depres-  
sion of functions.

There are other ductless  
glands—the pineal, the pituitary  
and suprarenals. It would  
appear that they are related to  
each other in their functioning.  
Because the knowledge con-  
cerning the ductless glands is  
comparatively new, and be-  
cause there is still so much ab-  
out them that remains un-  
known, they have a mysterious  
quality. The idea of what they  
might do has been exploited in  
many ways, and unsupported  
claims are made as to their  
value in the treatment of a  
great variety of conditions.

At the present time, there is  
a definite field of usefulness  
for such gland therapy, but  
there is nothing to justify the  
hopes.

exaggerated claims which are  
made, and which are only apt  
to mislead and arouse false  
hopes.

### Don't put off till To-morrow BUYING YOUR HARNESS PARTS. Do it now!

Our stock is complete and priced as Specials;  
STEELE HARNESSES, \$1.75 per pair.  
SWEAT PADS, all sizes, 50c each.  
RAWHIDE HALTERS, 11 dble, 1.25 each,  
HARSH STRAPS, 20c and 25c each.  
POLE STRAPS, 14 in. 80c each.  
MARTINGALES, 19 in. 80c each.  
BELLY BANDS, 14 in. 75c each.  
TEAM LINES, 25 ft. 4.50 set.  
An extra special price on LEATHER by the side, 50c lb.  
By the strip, 60c lb.

R. A. POOL

AGENT, BRITISH-AMERICAN OIL CO.

## Lenten Suggestions

MACARONI	5s	37c.
SUNFLOWER SALMON,	tall tins, 3 tins	40c.
KIPPER SNACKS,	3 tins	25c.
PILCHARDS	3 tins	43c.
SARDINES, Brunswick	brand, per dozen	73c.

## W. R. BRODIE

### SPECIALS

Bulk Soap Chips, 2 lbs.	25
Sauer Kraut, 2 for	35
B.R. Baking Powder, 3 lb. tin	75
Choice Apricots, per tin	20
Aylmer Catsup	15

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Repairs, which we will sell on time to Responsible Party's,  
or we will give 25 p.c. off for Cash. We also have on hand:  
1 No. 3 Bull Dog Farming Mill 21 H.C. Harrow Parts  
1 24 foot Wood Box Harrow. 1 35 ft. Wood Box Harrow.  
2 Heavy Wagons 1 Wood-wheel Farm Truck  
3 125 Bushel Grain Tanks 1 125 Bushel I.H.C. Grain  
8 USED TRACTORS at a Real Snap Tank.

And a number of Second hand Drills of different makes  
CALL AND SEE US.

Phone 38 THE EMPRESS LUMBER YARDS

Quiet as a Watch.

FIRST--

He Whispers!

THEN--

He SHOUTS!!

Hear this New Big Ben Chime Alarm  
with Two Voices

A New Way of getting you up on the right side of the  
bed in the morning--a new Big Ben with a new system of  
chime beginning with a cheerful whisper and ending with a  
loud voiced command.

First, there's a series of soft chime-calls to wake you  
without waking everyone in the house. But if you fail to  
shut off the alarm during the first warning, he lets you  
know he means business by his long, loud, reserve call.  
With all new features costs only, \$4.75. Others, \$1.25 up.

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C.P.R. WATCH INSPECTOR EMPRESS, ALTA.

Patronize YOUR NEAREST Mill

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Price of our No. 1 FLOUR is  
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Orders shipped the same days as received.

Gristing rates are 20c. per Bushel.

Leader Flour Mill